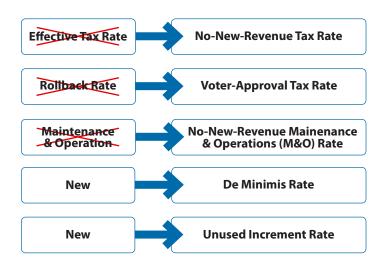
# Truth-In-Taxation (TNT) Basics

(For Taxing Units Other Than School Districts)

## **Terminology and Calculations for Taxing Units**

Senate Bill 2, 86th Legislative Session made several significant changes to the truth-in-taxation process. Below is new terminology and calculations from this legislation.



# What adopted tax rates trigger an election or petition

### **ADOPTED TAX RATE IS:**

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<b>BELOW</b> voter-approval tax rate	No election required
ABOVE voter-approval tax rate but BELOW de minimis rate	Voters may petition for an election*
<b>ABOVE</b> voter-approval tax rate; Taxing unit does not calculate a de minimis rate	Election required**
ABOVE voter-approval tax rate and ABOVE the de minimis rate	Election required

- \* The election trigger in a municipality with a population of less that 30,000 that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit may differ. See Tax Code Secs. 26.063 and 26.075 for details on when voters may petition for an election.
- \*\* See Water Code Secs. 49.23601, 49.23602, and 49.23603 for details on election requirements for water districts.

### The calculations are:

(1) "No-New-Revenue Tax Rate"

means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated to the following formula:

#### NO-NEW-REVENUE

(LAST YEAR'S LEVY - LOST PROPERTY LEVY)



(CURRENT TOTAL VALUE - NEW PROPERTY VALUE)

(2) "Voter-Approval Tax Rate"

means a rate expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated to one of the following applicable formulas:

(A) For a special taxing unit:

#### VOTER-APPROVAL TAX RATE

(NO-NEW-REVENUE M&O RATE X 1.08)



**CURRENT DEBT** 

**(B)** For a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit:

### VOTER-APPROVAL TAX RATE

(NO-NEW-REVENUE M&O RATE X 1.035)



**CURRENT DEBT RATE** 



**UNUSED INCREMENT RATE** 

## **Revenue Threshold in Voter-Approval Tax Rate**

(or threshold over which voters must approve tax increases)

Taxing Unit	Voter-Approval Tax Rate
Cities / Counties	3.5%
Special Taxing Units*	8%
* Hospitals, Junior Colleges and Special Dist	ricts with M&O tax rate of 2.5 cents or less

## Truth-In-Taxation (TNT) Basics

## Where can I find more information?

Information is typically obtained from the resources below, but may be different for your taxing unit.

# What information is available from my appraisal district?

- 1. Certified taxable values
- 2. Property value under protest
- 3. New real property and improvement value
- **4.** Value of property lost
- **5.** Captured appraisal values for tax increment financing (TIFs)
- 6. Property known, but not certified
- 7. Property with tax ceiling

# What information is available from my governing body?

- 1. Debt information
- 2. Unencumbered fund balance
- 3. TIF payments
- 4. Amount if transferring a function
- **5.** Sales tax spent for no-new-revenue maintenance and operations
- **6.** Enhanced indigent health care information
- 7. Criminal justice mandate information

# What information is available from Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts?

- 1. Railroad rolling stock value
- 2. Sales tax information (if applicable)

# What information is available from collectors?

- 1. Refund information
- 2. Excess collections

### **Terms and Definitions**

#### No-new-revenue tax rate

(Last year's levy minus lost property levy) divided by (current total value minus new property value).

### Voter-approval tax rate for a special taxing unit

Voter-approval tax rate equals (no-new-revenue maintenance and operations tax rate times 1.08) plus current debt rate.

# Voter-approval tax rate for a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit

(No-new-revenue maintenance and operations tax rate times 1.035) plus current debt plus unused increment rate.

# No-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate

(Last year's levy minus last year's debt minus last year's junior college levy) divided by (current total value minus new property value).

### De minimis rate

The rate is equal to the sum of:

- (A) a taxing unit's no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate;
- **(B)** the rate that when applied to a taxing current total value, will impose an amount of taxes equal to \$500,000, and
- (C) a taxing unit's current debt rate.

### **Unused increment rate**

A taxing unit that did not use all of its revenue growth may bank that unused growth as long as the taxing unit averaged below 3.5 percent of the voter-approval rate over three years.

For more information, visit our website:

comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

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