TEXAS ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, **APPLIANCE AND** COMPONENT MANUFACTURING

The Comptroller's office identified 18 manufacturing subsectors within the Texas economy. This manufacturing subsector is trade intensive and invests heavily in research and development (R&D). It includes the manufacturing of electric transformers and switchboards, communication wires such as fiber-optic cables, as well as household appliances and lighting fixtures.

JOBS JOB CHANGE AVERAGE TEXAS

WAGES 2016

\$/0./50

2010-2016

12.3%



Source: U.S. Department of Commerce International Trade Administration

The subsector's largest

export destination was

Mexico, which accounted

for 61 percent of its total

exports.

SUBSECTOR EXPORTS

INDUSTRIES IN THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, APPLIANCE AND COMPONENT MANUFACTURING SUBSECTOR

SUBSECTOR TOTALS

All four industries in electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing are considered "advanced industries," as defined by the Brookings

17.9% ELECTRIC LIGHTING EQUIPMENT 2.198 \$66.559 1.562 -9.8% HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE \$80.091 9.028 16.7% \$71,380 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT 6,235 11 1% \$68,975 AND COMPONENTS Source: Emsi IN 2016. THIS SUBSECTOR ACCOUNTED FOR JUST Institution. Such industries have two 2.2 PERCENT OF ALL distinguishing criteria: R&D spending per TEXAS MANUFACTURING JOBS, BUT CONTRIBUTED worker ranks in the top 20 percent of 5.6 PERCENT OF Sources: industries, and their share of workers with high Emsi, U.S. THE STATE'S levels of scientific and technical knowledge Department MANUFACTURING of Commerce EXPORTS. exceeds the national average.

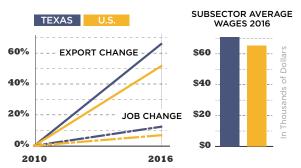
International Trade Administration

2016

19.023

TEXAS SUBSECTOR OUTPERFORMS NATIONAL TRENDS

This Texas subsector pays higher average wages than the national average, and its job growth and export activity have outpaced U.S. averages since 2010.



CONCLUSION

Manufacturing continues to drive output and productivity in the Texas economy, creating jobs paying well above the statewide average. It also contributes significantly to job creation in other industries, particularly in services.

The electrical equipment, appliance and component subsector consists of several innovative and "advanced" industries that offer above-average wages. The subsector did lose a significant number of jobs in the 2000s, yet one study estimates that nearly 90 percent of those losses were due to productivity gains. Since 2010, the subsector in Texas has experienced healthier job growth than the U.S. as a whole.

To see more in-depth Texas manufacturing data, visit: comptroller.texas.gov/economy/economic-data/manufacturing/

Sources: Emsi, U.S. Department of Commerce International Trade Administration

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