THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021

STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL	Federal Allocation	TEXAS ALLOCATION	Federal Funds to States
STATE AND LOCAL FISCA RECOVERY FUND	\$350 Billion	\$15.8 Billion	State of Texas
TOTAL ALLOCATIONS THAT FLOW THROUGH THE STA		\$1.4 Billion	Smaller Cities and Counties
		\$3.4 Billion	Funds Directly to Major Cities
	E:	\$5.7 Billion	Funds Directly to Major Counties
Total will depend on federal guida COVID-related expenditures and extent of lost revenue, the Legislate ability to maximize funds throug appropriation and potential future distribution based on unemployment.	the are's h		For states, local and tribal governments to: • respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency or its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses and nonprofits or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel and hospitality • provide premium pay to eligible workers that are performing essential work or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible essential workers • provide government services to the extent of the reduction due to public health emergency relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the government prior to the emergency • make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure Restrictions include 1) that funds not offset any new tax reductions or delay the imposition of any tax or tax increase and 2) cannot be used to support a pension fund
CORONAVIRUS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	\$10 Billion	\$500.5 Million	For payments to states, territories and tribal governments to complete capital projects directly enabling work, education and health monitoring, including remote options, in response to the public health emergency
EDUCATION	\$122.0 Billion	\$12.4 Billion	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
	\$800 Million	\$81.3 Million	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund -Homeless Children and Youth
	\$2.7 Billion	\$152.1 Million	Emergency Assistance to Non-Public Schools Program
	\$3 Billion	\$275.6 Million	State grants under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
	\$39.6 Billion	\$3.4 Billion	Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund

	Federal Allocation	TEXAS ALLOCATION				
HEALTH	\$47.8 Billion			TRANSPORTATION		
		\$803.5 Million	Texas estimate for COVID-19 testing for teachers, staff and students	\$30.5 billion for Federal		
		\$75.9 Million	Funds for detection and mitigation of COVID-19 in confinement facilities	Transit Administration Grants to state and		
		\$29.7 Million	Funds for hospitals to further support COVID-19 mitigation and testing in rural areas	local government		
	\$7.7 Billion	\$274.6 Million	Grants to state, local and territorial public health departments	TEXAS STATE ESTIMATE		
	\$7.5 Billion	\$227.1 Million	Vaccines, including national activities and grants to state and local governments, tribes and territories	\$10.6 MILLION		
	\$1.5 Billion	\$121.8 Million	Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant	TEXAS LOCALS ESTIMATE		
	\$1.5 Billion	\$133.2 Million	Community Mental Health Services Block Grant	\$1.0 BILLION		
	\$250 Million	\$35.7 Million	Nursing Home Strike Teams to respond to COVID-19 outbreaks			
HUMAN SERVICES	\$39 Billion	\$4.5 Billion	Child Care and Development Block Grant and new Child Care Stabilization Fund Grant for child care providers			
	\$1 Billion	\$49.5 Million	TANF Pandemic Emergency Fund for states for non-recurrent, short-term cash or other form of benefits			
	\$350 Million	\$34.7 Million	Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Act programs			
\$450 Million		\$48.7 Million	Family Violence Prevention and Services Act programs			
	\$750 Million	\$50.5 Million	Congregate Meals and Home Delivered Meals			
	\$460 Million	\$30.6 Million	Home and Community Based Supportive Services (HCBS)			
\$276 Million \$145 Million		TBD	Elder Justice Programs			
		\$9.4 Million	National Family Caregiver Support Program			
	\$1.1 Billion	\$87.7 Million	7.7 Million Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program over three years for state administrative costs			
LABOR	\$2 Billion	\$9.1 Million	To detect and prevent fraud, promote equitable access and ensure the timely payment of unemployment benefits			
HOUSING	\$21.5 Billion	\$1.5 Billion	Emergency Rental Assistance Program (Texas state estimate \$1.1 billion, \$460.8 million for counties)			
	\$10 Billion	\$842.2 Million	Homeowner Assistance Fund to provide homeowners financial assistance for housing-related costs			
	\$5 Billion	\$132.9 Million	HOME Investment Partnerships Program			
	\$4.5 Billion	\$134.4 Million	Low-Income Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) to cover the costs of home heating and cooling			
	\$500 Million	\$40.6 Million	Funds to public water systems or treatment works that reduce rates charged to eligible	low-income households		
DISASTER RELIEF	\$50 Billion	TBD	FEMA Disaster Relief Fund for assistance to state, local, territorial and tribal governments, as well as individuals			
	\$100 Million	\$6.0 Million	Emergency Management Performance Grants to state and local emergency management agencies			
BUSINESS ASSISTAN	\$10 Billion	\$472.1 Million	State Small Business Credit Initiative funds to fund state small business credit support and investment programs			
	\$510 Million	\$12.1 Million				
tourism, or outdoor recreation sectors.						
MEDICAID	Requires state Medicaid and CHIP to cover emergency. (Federal FMAP is increased to 100 States that expand Medicaid to new					
	<u>-</u>	COVID treatment witho	5 , \	under the Affordable Care Act		
	sharing and extends the period of this policy States have the option, for 5 years, to extend Medicaid would receive a 5 percent FMAP in					
	for one year after the end of the public health eligibility to women for 12 months postpartum. for current populations for two years.					